



## Assessment Criteria

### 1) Sensors

Criteria:

- Sensors that can provide unique discriminating data.
- Platforms that can be used to standardize sensor control and data formatting.
- Sensor collaboration that would be beneficial (radar, electro-optical, infrared, hyperspectral, etc.).
- Parametric requirements for use cases.
- Fixed vs mobile sensors.

### 2) Data networking (transport/backhaul)

Criteria:

- Short-range data links that can be used to form a network.
- Data requirements that match the networking capabilities.
- Mechanisms available to ensure availability, integrity, enhanced survivability, and other required protections.

### 3) Data processing

Criteria:

- Effectively clean and normalize the data.
- Missing elements of data handled.
- Distributed processing.
- Data accuracy evaluation.
- Data architecture concept.

### 4) Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence

Criteria:

- Algorithms that can be used to group, correlate, and synchronize data to build a complete, accurate and actionable picture.
- Timeliness vs completeness vs resource trade-offs.

### 5) Data Visualization

Criteria:

- Data and processing result rendering.
- Concepts for relating data with other display data.
- Demonstrate effective visualization in a complex environment.





## 6) System Integration, Testing, and Training Concepts

### Criteria:

- System aspects and specific components of solutions.
- Issues with integration when looking at the above focus areas collectively.
- Integration trade-offs currently available. Concepts to test the components separately and together.
- Training concepts for situations in which you may not be able to combine all aspects of the system in an actual environment.

